

Purpose and Need

- Set specifications for FY 2010 FY 2012
 - ACLs/Incidental Catch TACs (YTF allocation)
 - US/Canada TACs
- Modify management measures to ensure overfishing does not occur
 - Adjust common pool trip limits
 - Adjust DAS counting
 - Provide RA in-season change authority

Status of Framework

- Draft options including No Action
- Affected environment nearly complete
- Biological, economic, social impacts of proposed action
- EFH, protected species, cumulative effects analyses remain; do not anticipate substantial impacts on these VECs

Specifications

- OFLs/ABCs/ACLs
 - Explained at September Council Meeting
 - Table 1 in draft document
 - YTF allocation to scallops and groundfish
 - US/CA TACs (voted in September)
- Possible updates in fall 2010
 - US/CA TACs
 - Pollock assessment(?)
 - Scallop updated access areas

Impacts

- Biological
 - Increase likelihood of achieving mortality targets
 - Thirteen stocks should not be overfished
- Economic
 - Potential revenues \$228-\$248 million (more likely \$130 \$170 million) (*if all landed*)

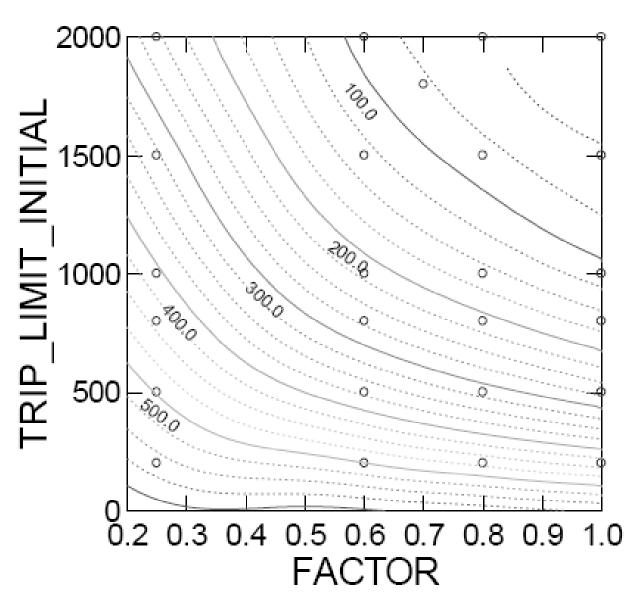
Modify Management Measures

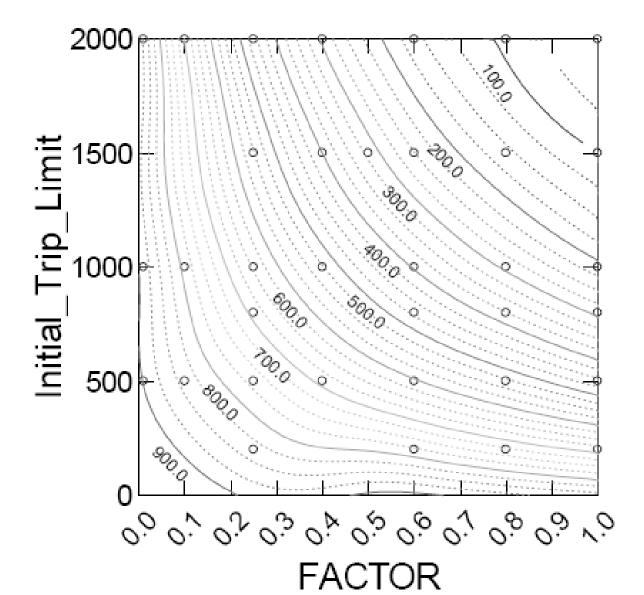
- Concern common pool measures not sufficiently restrictive
- Focused on GOM cod and pollock
- Based on September 1, 2009 sector rosters

Who is in the common pool*?

- 757 permits, 3,600 DAS, 39.7 ft avg. length
- 477 with NO DAS; remainder average 12.8 DAS
- Of 280 permits with DAS, 105 never landed a GOM cod
- 79 never fished in FY 2007
- 98 never landed groundfish, monkfish, or skates in FY 2007

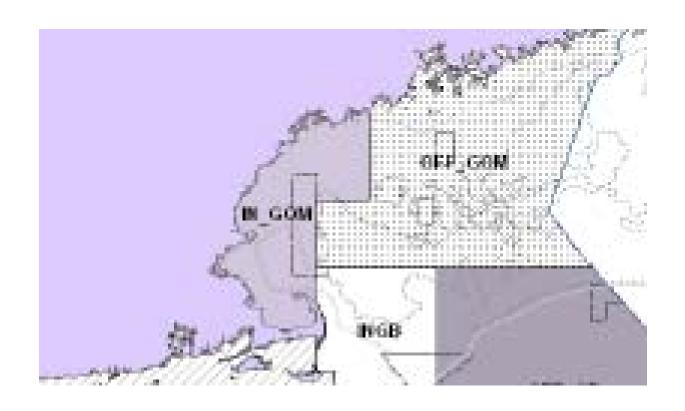
What's the Issue?





Proposed Measures

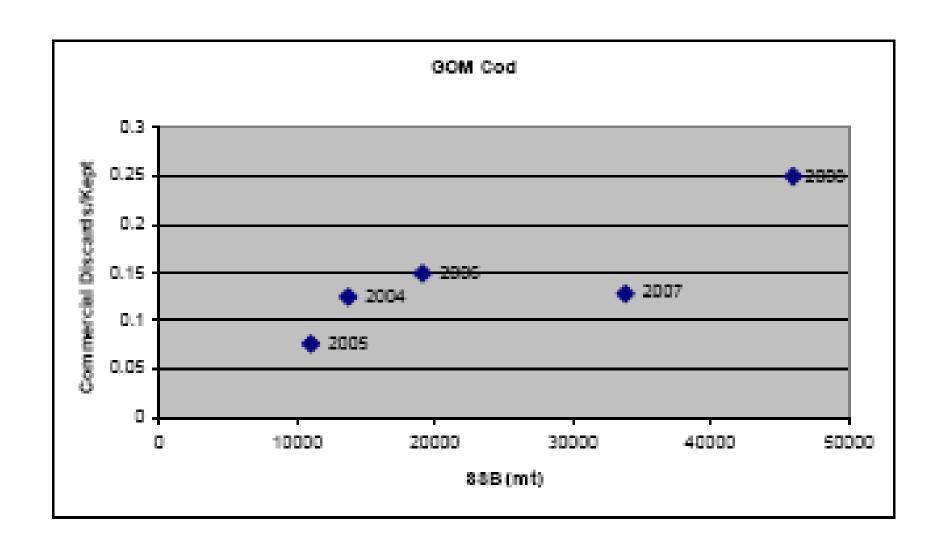
- Trip limit changes:
 - GOM cod DAS trip limit: 800 lbs./DAS to
 4,000 lbs/trip (Handgear 300 lbs./75 lbs.)
 - Pollock: 1,000 lbs./DAS to 10,000 lbs./trip
- 2:1 differential DAS counting in inshore GOM
- RA authority to adjust trip limits and differential DAS



FW 44, page 38

Biological Impacts

- Reduces but does not eliminate difference between GOM cod ACL and possible landings
- Caps possible pollock landings
- Will probably increase GOM cod and pollock discard rates for vessels in the common pool



Economic Impacts (1)

- 104 current common pool permits (after discounting permits that aren't fishing for GF)
 - 93 not affected because:
 - 1) did not fish for groundfish in the GOM
 - 2) landed relatively low quantities of pollock
 - 3) had sufficient DAS allocations so they were not constrained by DAS or
 - 4) some combination of the three

Economic Impacts (2)

- For 9 affected vessels reduction in total revenue ranged from 10% to nearly 70%.
 - Estimated losses for about half of the vessels less than 15%; losses for others was much larger from 33% and 70%.

Social Impacts

- Very difficult to predict across the board
- Social Impact factors described in A13
 - Regulatory discards
 - Changes in occupational opportunities
 - Safety
 - Disruptions in daily living
 - Formation of attitudes
- No Action: Impacts as described in A16
 - Social impacts will be determined by the amount of permits that fish in sectors

Social Impacts (2)

- Modification of Trip Limits
 - Likely to increase regulatory discarding for GOM cod and pollock
 - YTF discards will decrease if required to land
- Modification to DAS counting
 - Could lead to effort shifts, potential safety issue if it causes derby fishery
- RA Authority Measure
 - Might affect attitudes
 - Will increase safety and minimize disruptions to lifestyle if it can prevent a derby fishery

Questions?